

Clotting and Bleeding Disorders Sample Social Media Posts

Help bring greater awareness to clotting and bleeding disorders by sharing these posts on your social media channels.

Bleeding Disorders

#BleedingDisorders affect the way the body controls blood clotting and can lead to issues like bleeding too much after injury or surgery. Learn about the disorders that affect millions of Americans: <https://go.usa.gov/xs4Br>

How is #VonWillebrandDisease treated? It depends on the cause and severity. Learn more: <https://go.usa.gov/xSAdH> #BleedingDisorders

How much do you know about #BleedingDisorders? There are different types, and some are more common than others. But all are treatable. Learn more: <https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health/bleeding-disorders>

The signs and symptoms of #BleedingDisorders may differ depending on the type of disorder and its cause. Learn more at: <https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health/bleeding-disorders> #BleedingDisorders

#VonWillebrandDisease (VWD) is the most common bleeding disorder affecting women. Women are more likely to notice the symptoms due to heavy or abnormal bleeding during their menstrual cycle and after childbirth. Learn more: <https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/resources/facts-von-willebrand-disease>

#VonWillebrandDisease (VWD) is a lifelong disorder, but you can live a normal, active life with early diagnosis and the right treatment. Get the facts on VWD and learn ways to manage symptoms: <https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/resources/facts-von-willebrand-disease>

In most cases, #Hemophilia is inherited, but did you know that 1/3 of diagnoses are made with no known family history? Learn about the signs, symptoms, and complications of this and other bleeding disorders: <https://go.usa.gov/x6cDD>

Blood Diseases & Disorders Education Program

A Program of the National Institutes of Health

Clotting Disorders

How is #PulmonaryEmbolism treated? Not everyone who is diagnosed needs immediate treatment. In some cases, your doctor will detect a #BloodClot and decide to monitor it instead of treating it right away. Learn more: <https://go.usa.gov/xM6Ju>

#DYK deep vein thrombosis (#DVT) or a pulmonary embolism (#PE) can happen to anyone, but risk is highest during specific conditions? Learn about causes, risk factors, and more: <https://go.usa.gov/xtDNJ>

Multiple factors during pregnancy can make you five times more likely to have a blood clot while pregnant or right after delivery than someone who is not pregnant. Learn more about pregnancy and blood clots from @NIH_NHLBI: <https://go.usa.gov/xu47j>

Do you know how #COVID19 affects the blood? Some people develop abnormal blood clots. People who already have damage to their blood vessels may be at higher risk of developing clots. Learn more: www.nhlbi.nih.gov/coronavirus/blood

#DYK the Black and African American population is at higher risk for some blood diseases and disorders, like #SickleCell disease, #Thalassemia, or Venous Thromboembolism (#VTE)? Learn more about these and other conditions: <https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/blood>